# ADULT NON-INVASIVE VENTILATION (NIV) ALGORITHM

Potentially reversible Acute Hypercapnic Respiratory Failure (AHRF) and/or increased work of breathing

### **Disease Specific Indications:**

<u>COPD:</u> pH < 7.35 AND PaC02 ≥ 6.5 RR > 23 despite one hour of medical management

Neuromuscular Disease: Respiratory illness with RR >20 if usual VC <1L or pH < 7.35 AND PaC02 ≥ 6.5

Obesity: pH < 7.35 AND PaC02 ≥ 6.5, RR > 23 or daytime PaC02 ≥ 6.0 and drowsy

\*Please see guideline on The Source for additional evidence-based indications

#### NIV is not usually indicated in Asthma

If NIV is declined by the patient or deemed not appropriate by the lead clinician, please consider referral to palliative care

#### Contraindications:

Absolute: undrained pneumothorax, facial burns, fixed upper airway obstruction, for at least two weeks post oesophagectomy

Relative: pH < 7.15, GCS < 8, confusion/agitation, cognitive impairment, vomiting (consider NG tube)

## Indication for ICU referral:

- AHRF in Asthma
- AHRF with impending respiratory arrest
- NIV treatment failure: decreased chest wall movement, unable to decrease PaC02
- Inability to maintain target Sp02 on NIV
- Need for IV sedation, closer monitoring
  +/- possible difficult intubation

## Complete NIV Care Bundle, and Prescription on Cerner

### NIV set-up:

 Select appropriate interface with exhalation port and complete machine set up by a competent practitioner. Select correct mask/port/interface type in 'Menu'

Starting pressures (S/T Mode):

## IPAP: 10-15 and EPAP: 4 (higher in OSA)

- Activate emergency alarms and set back-up rate (12-16)
  - · Explain treatment to patient prior to fitting mask
- Increase IPAP over 10-30 minutes to 20-30 cmH20 (IPAP to not exceed 30 or EPAP 8 without expert review)
  - Rise time, I-Time and I:E ratio (1:2-1:3 (COPD) or 1:1 (NMD/OHS)) set by competent practitioner
    - Repeat ABG at 1 hour and at 4 hours from initiation -> consider need for arterial line

#### Monitoring while on NIV:

- Continuous cardiac and Sp02 monitoring for at least the first 12 hours
  - Ensure PaC02, Pa02 and Sp02 parameters are set
- Alter NIV settings: If PaC02 remains high, increase tidal volume (TV) by increasing IPAP. If remains hypoxic, increase EPAP or Fi02 (remember you may need to increase IPAP to maintain TV) – update NIV prescription and repeat ABG one hour after any settings change
- Use NIV for as much time as possible in first 24 hours, allowing breaks as indicated/required and wean over next 48-72 hours dependent on ABGs and clinical review.

If pH < 7.25 on optimal NIV, RR >25 continuously or new onset confusion -> clinical review. Check synchronisation, mask fit, exhalation port. Consider chest physio, bronchodilators, ICU review/IMV. If the patient is struggling to tolerate NIV or continues to deteriorate and is not for escalation, please consider referral to palliative care.

